Fall 2023

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Political Science 2

Course Overview:

Welcome to the Reedley College Political Science-2 class at Sanger HS!

Political Science is the study of politics, government institutions, and the bureaucratic process. This class is an introductory study of American Government at the federal, state, and local level. As well as examining the institutions, processes, and policies of the United States political systems.

The course will enable students to study and understand how political and governmental institutions make laws, implement decisions, and how the effects of those decisions impact the individual and societal behavior. The course instructor will strive to present the material in an interesting and exciting way, which shall lead you to successfully complete this course.

Political Science is an ideal stepping stone to many careers, including: Teaching, Law, Government work, and Public Advocacy. This class is designed to be an opportunity to take lower division courses that can be later applied to a degree at a four-year college or university.

Covid Precautions:

You will need to comply with COVID 19 vaccine rules, which means that you need to be vaccinated or have a medical/religious exemption.

If you do not submit a request for a medical or religious exemption or provide proof of vaccination, you will be dropped from all of your in-person classes prior to the beginning of the semester, including this one.

If you are dropped, don't panic. There are still things you can do. Here are some options:

- 1. If you think there is a mistake: Take your proof of vaccine or your exemption paperwork to the campus One Stop office in the Student Center as soon as possible.
 - They will help you process your paperwork and provide you clearance to come to class.
- 2. If you have not yet gotten the vaccine: Visit the One Stop office right away; under some circumstances if you are immediately vaccinated you may still be able to take face-to-face classes this semester.
 - If not, there are a number of late start classes and online classes you can take.
 - Go to the One Stop office in the Student Center to discuss your options immediately.

Whatever you choose, please keep the instructor informed.

Free Expression and Thought:

Colleges have historically been a place where new and controversial ideas are proposed, tested, and deliberated. This class is committed to the values of academic freedom and the open expression of ideas. There will be times when discussions of diverse opinions and insights will be shared, with the intent of initiating candid thought and debate.

For this reason, the class will not restrict comments from any participant, or require humble apologies; unless there is a clear violation of school rules, an intent to do harm, or provoking any legal violations. We are free adults who have the right to agree/disagree without being subject to discipline, reprimand, humiliation, or any other form of punishment.

Therefore, this class has the responsibility to not only to promote energetic dialog, but will also protect that freedom if others attempt to restrict it.

Course Outline:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Formulate and examine various political values and beliefs.
- 2. Research contemporary political issues drawing on diverse sources.
- 3. Assess and distinguish between factual and opinionated sources of information.
- 4. Examine the origins of America's political institutions and their evolution over time.
- 5. Evaluate different forms of political communication and the methods employed to shape public opinion.
- 6. Assess the influence of politics on the American population and the methods in which citizens participate in the process.

Supplies:

1. Course Textbooks (Optional Purchases).

(PDF Copies are provided online in Canvas).

- a. Lenz and Holman. "AMERICAN GOVERNMENT".
- b. Wilson and DiIulio, Jr. "AMERICAN GOVERNMENT: INSTITUTIONS and POLICIES".
- 2. Binder, with white lined paper.
- 3. Calendar.
- 4. Sharpened pencils and/or pens.
 - a. Preferably Black or Blue ink.
 - b. DO NOT use Red ink.
- 5. Highlighter.
- 6. Eraser.

Student Learning Objectives (SLOs):

Student Learning Outcomes are statements about what the discipline faculty hope you will be able to do at the end of the course. This is NOT a guarantee: the ultimate responsibility for whether you will be able to do these things lies with you, the student.

In addition, the assessment of Student Learning Outcomes is done by the department in order to evaluate the program as a whole, and not to evaluate individual faculty performance.

SLO1: Recognize the Constitutional processes and principles as they occur in modern U.S. and California politics.

SLO2: Relate the structures, roles and powers of the national, state and local governments.

SLO3: Recognize the impact of various "policy inputs" on the development of public policy in the United States and in California.

SLO4: Identify the categories of policies made by governments within the United States, and relate the questions underlying these policies.

Additional learning expectations outlined by the instructor include:

- Students will differentiate between federal and state governments.
- Students will identify founding principles of the country.
- Students will explain how the three branches of government interact with each other.
- Students will examine the opinions regarding the 10 Amendments within the Bill of Rights.
- Students will debate the Constitutional and legal issues might be at violated when confronting potential national security crises.
- Students will learn the three components of the iron triangle and how they interact with functions of the government.

Student Expectations:

BE RESPONSIBLE—You are responsible for your choices and behavior. You are no longer in middle or high school.

BE PREPARED—Assignment and test dates will be provided and it the student's responsibility to know these dates.

BE RESPECTFUL—Show that you care enough about yourself, people, and property to do the right thing.

BE CONFIDENT—90% of achievement is Attitude, 10% is Ability. Be willing to Try. Do everything to the best of your ability.

Course Requirements:

Participation: Participate positively in class activities and contribute to discussions. **Tardy Policy:** Roll is taken at the start of class. BE ON TIME!

Activities: Course activities will include: reading textbooks, note taking, writing assignments, class discussions, and assessments.

Assignments: Students are responsible to obtain and complete missing class/homework and turning it in when completed.

Testing: Quizzes will take place periodically during the course of the semester. An essaybased final will be given at the end of the semester.

Videos:

There will be short videos and social documentaries shown to the class. Many of these videos may contain mature subject matter, violence, and/or profanity.

Although difficult and sometimes insensitive, the visual learning serves as a proper learning tool of the past to demonstrate how and why many current laws and norms came to be.

Grading:

All grading will be done on a basic Points system based on the value of the assignments that are turned-in: A-(100-90%--*Outstanding*); B-(89-80%--*Exceptional*); C-(79-70%--*Average*); D-(69-60%--*Subpar*); F-(59-0%--*Failed*).

Analytical Critiques:

This will require students to select, organize and explain ideas in writing. Assessment tools requiring problem solving that demonstrate competence in computational or non-computational problem-solving skills.

Assessments:

All skill-based and physical demonstrations used for assessment purposes including: Class participation, Oral presentations, Discussions, Argumentative essays, as well as formal written testing and exams.

Participation:

Student participation is encouraged. By contributing to peer discussions helps enlighten the class to fresh ideas will remaining informed and relevant.

Attendance:

Attendance will be taken at the start of each class. Students that arrive tardy after the start of class will be marked as 'Late'. So therefore: Be on Time. Students that fail to attend the first day of class without alerting the instructor of their absence will be automatically dropped from the course as a "No Show".

Students are expected to attend all lectures and discussions during the course of the semester. If unable to attend a class, it is the responsibility of the student to contact the instructor, or to follow

up on any missing lessons. Failure to do so will result in a marked absence, and the risk of falling behind the rest of the class.

Students that miss more than **FOUR** (4) classes, without contacting the instructor of their predicament, will be dropped from the course.

Discipline/Behavior Policy:

All established school rules will be fully enforced.

Defiance of rules and discipline will result in the immediately removal of the student, and the possibility of being dropped from the class at the instructor's discretion.

Plagiarism:

Plagiarism, copying answers, and cheating are NEVER allowed. Plagiarism is when you take ideas, words, or writings and claim them as your own. Any ideas you did not know before, or any uncommon facts, must be cited—give credit to the author.

Copying ideas and/or works from another student, book, Internet, magazines/newspapers, or other sources is cheating/plagiarizing and will not be allowed without proper citation. Allowing someone to use or copy your work is cheating, and you will face the same consequences as the student who used your work.

Violation of this policy will result in a zero on the entire assignment and possible referral to the office.

Libations:

Be courteous and not eat in class. Nor chew gum or slurp drinks within earshot of others around you. So be alert to "situational awareness"!

Technology:

Cellphones, tablets, and music devices should be turned off, or muted, during class time. Be courteous and show respect. If a call must be taken, quietly mute your computer and quickly handle your business.

Calendar:		
August 14	(M)	Start of Fall Semester
August 18	(F)	Last day to drop classes for full refund
August 25	(F)	Last day to register for Fall 2023 classes
August 25	(F)	Last day to drop Fall 2023 classes to avoid a "W"
September 4	<i>(M)</i>	Labor Day Holiday (No Class)
October 1	(Su)	Deadline to Apply for Fall 2023 Graduation
November 10	(F)	Veterans Day Holiday (No Classes)

November 20-24	(M-F)	Thanksgiving Week (No Classes)
December 11-15	(M-F)	Finals Week
December 15	(F)	End of Fall 2023 Semester

Available Resources:

Counseling & Advising: Counselors help promote student development and success by coordinating quality services and programs that are focused on student's needs. The programs are designed to provide students with assistance in evaluating personal interests and abilities, while resolving any personal issues that arise during the adjustment to college life.

Library: Library faculty provide services to students and enhance student engagement through partnerships with faculty and the development of directed learning activities which extend classroom instruction and develop information literacy skills.

Tutoring Services: Tutoring is available in most classes by appointment and on a drop-in basis. Sessions are a mix of small group or one-on-one sessions. Tutoring is free to all registered students.

- The Math Center, the Reading/Writing Center, and the Learning Center are all using the same online tutor matching service.
- Additionally, all Math and English Courses, as well as many other high demand courses have embedded tutors; enabling students to message their embedded tutor via Canvas in each course.
- If a student needs to search for a tutor, they should go to: <u>https://www.reedleycollege.edu/academics/tutoring-services/index.html</u>
- A tutorial video on how to use Tutor Matching Service: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xvRD7kSJNhs&feature=youtu.be
- Signup for a free account, and begin searching for RC tutors from all three Centers.

Career Center: Career and employment services in which students and alumni receive one-onone counseling and coaching. Whether an undeclared major, interested in switching major, job searching, or need help resume building.

Health Services: A nurse-run clinic available to currently enrolled students. The campus nurse provides treatment for serious illnesses and injuries, preventative screening services, health education, and medical referrals to local health care providers.

Disabled Students Services: Provides specialized services and accommodations that assist students with documented disabilities to reach their full potential in their pursuit of achieving their individual academic goals. Staff interacts with all areas of the campus to eliminate physical, academic and attitudinal barriers.

Child Development Center: Childcare services are available for students, faculty, staff, and community members as space allows. The Child Development Center receives and accepts funds from private pay tuition fee and grants.

Class Schedule Outline:

- I. Foundations of U.S. Government.
 - A. What is Political Science?
 - a. Assumptions, methodology, tools
 - B. Core concepts.
 - a. Liberty
 - b. Theories of democracy
- II. The Enlightenment and Founding.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 2-18 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 2-14

- A. The legacy of British Rule
- B. Philosophical influences
 - 1. John Locke
 - 2. Adam Smith
 - 3. Lord Montesquieu
 - 4. Aristotle
 - 5. English Bill of Rights
 - 6. Bible
- C. The Declaration of Independence
- D. The Articles of Confederation
- E. The Constitutional Convention
- III. The U.S. Constitution.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 21-46 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 16-45

- A. The Preamble
 - 1. The goals of government
- B. The Articles.
 - 1. Government institutions
 - 2. Federalism
 - 3. Amending
- C. The Bill of Rights
 - 1. Speech, press, religion
 - 2. Gun Ownership
 - 3. Legal Rights.
 - 4. States' Rights
 - 5. Taxes?
- D. The Federalist Papers
 - 1. "selling" the document
 - 2. aka the constitutional "users' manual".
- E. Federalism.
 - 1. Constitutional provisions
 - a. Definitions and rationale
 - 2. Historical evolution from the Founders to the present

- 3. Advantages and disadvantages of a federal system
 - a. Strong vs weak government
 - b. Federal vs State rights
- IV. The Legislative Branch—Makes Laws.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 49-67 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 314-356

- A. A bicameral legislature
 - 1. differences in the House and Senate
- B. Functions of Congress 1. representation, legislation, oversight
- C. The structure of congressional leadership and committees
- D. Legislative strategies
- V. The Executive Branch—Enforces Laws.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 70-92 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 361-400

- A. The Constitutional Presidency1. executive powers
- B. The expansion of presidential power
 - 1. causes and consequences
- C. The bureaucracy
 - 1. Presidential advisors
 - 2. Government agencies
 - 3. Cabinet, appointments
- VI. The Judicial Branch—Interprets Laws.

A. Structure of the judiciary

- 1. federal and state
- B. Judicial Review
 - 1. Marbury v. Madison
- C. Judicial appointments
- D. The judicial decision-making process

VII. Citizens and the State.

- A. Civil Liberties
- B. Judicial rulings on individual liberties
- C. Civil Rights
 - 1. "equal justice under law."?

VIII. Political Parties.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 95-116 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 431-459

Lenz/Holman pgs. 412-435 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 93-147

Lenz/Holman pgs. 232-249

- A. The functions of parties
- B. The evolution of the party system
 - 1. Hamilton vs Jefferson
- C. Why a two-party system?
 - 1. There are more than TWO parties
- IX. The Media.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 141-159 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 286-308

- A. Historical development from the founding to the present
 - 1. Pennsylvania Gazette to New York Times
- B. Biases in media coverage in the U.S.
- 1. Common Sense to Huffington Post
- C. Evaluating sources of information
 - 1. Hard News vs Fake News

X. Political Participation.

- A. Conventional and non-conventional forms
- B. Voting behavior, trends and reforms
- C. Staying Informed
- D. Candidate GOTV
- XI. Public Opinion.
 - A. Interest Groups
 - 1. Their composition and activities
 - 2. The pros and cons of group politics
 - B. Ideology
 - C. Polling
 - D. Manipulation

XII. Campaigns and Elections.

A. Electoral strategies

1. Just 'win'

- A. The nominating process
 - 2. primaries and caucuses
- B. The general election
 - 3. electoral college
- C. Campaign finance
 - 4. \$.Money.\$

XIII. Setting A Political Agenda.

Lenz/Holman pgs. 162-179

Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 222-256

Lenz/Holman pgs. 204-229 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 172-188 A. Economic Policy

B. Bureaucracy/"Iron Triangle"

C. Foreign Policy

Lenz/Holman pgs. pgs. 296-320 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 485-503

Lenz/Holman pgs. pgs 251-270 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 403-426

Lenz/Holman pgs. 367-410 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 524-552

C. Domestic Policy

Lenz/Holman pgs. 272-291 Wilson and DiIulio pgs. 462-481

VX. California Government and Politics.

- A. The State of California
 - 1. State Constitution
 - 2. Institutions
 - 3. Direct Democracy through 'Ballot Initiatives'
- B. Local Government and Politics
 - 1. County/City Councils
 - 2. Water Districts
 - 3. School Boards

PERSUASIVE ESSAY RUBRIC

CATEGORY	4 - Above Standards	3 - Meets Standard	2 - Approaching Standard	1 - Below Standard	Score
Focus or Thesis Statement	The thesis statement names the topic of the essay and outlines the main points to be discussed.	The thesis statement names the topic of the essay.	The thesis statement outlines some or all of the main points to be discussed but does not name the topic.	The thesis statement does not name the topic AND does not preview what will be discussed.	
Support for Position	Includes 3 or more pieces of evidence that support the position statement. The writer anticipates the reader's concerns, biases or arguments and has provided at least 1 counter-argument.	Includes 3 or more pieces of evidence (facts, statistics, examples, real-life experiences) that support the position statement.	Includes 2 pieces of evidence (facts, statistics, examples, real-life experiences) that support the position statement.	Includes 1 or fewer pieces of evidence (facts, statistics, examples, real-life experiences).	
Transitions	A variety of thoughtful transitions are used. They clearly show how ideas are connected	Transitions show how ideas are connected, but there is little variety	Some transitions work well, but some connections between ideas are fuzzy.	The transitions between ideas are unclear OR nonexistant.	
Closing paragraph	The conclusion is strong and leaves the reader solidly understanding the writer's position. Effective restatement of the position statement begins the closing paragraph.	The conclusion is recognizable. The author's position is restated within the first two sentences of the closing paragraph.	The author's position is restated within the closing paragraph, but not near the beginning.	There is no conclusion - the paper just ends.	
Grammar & Spelling	Author makes no errors in grammar or spelling that distract the reader from the content.	Author makes 1-2 errors in grammar or spelling that distract the reader from the content.	Author makes 3-4 errors in grammar or spelling that distract the reader from the content.	Author makes more than 4 errors in grammar or spelling that distract the reader from the content.	01

Public Speaking Rubric

CATEGORY	4	3	2	1
Speaks Clearly TS3.1	Speaks clearly and distinctly all (100- 95%) the time, and mispronounces no words.	Speaks clearly and distinctly all (100- 95%) the time, but mispronounces one word.	Speaks clearly and distinctly most (94- 85%) of the time. Mispronounces no more than one word.	Often mumbles or can not be understood OR mispronounces more than one word
Time-Limit TS3.1	Presentation is about 2 minutes in length.	Presentation is less than 1.5 minutes or over 2.5 minutes in length.	Presentation is less than 1 minute or over 3 minutes in length.	Presentation is less than 30 seconds in length or student is not prepared.
Posture and Eye Contact TS3.1	Stands up straight, looks relaxed and confident. Establishes eye contact with everyone in the room during the presentation.	Stands up straight and establishes eye contact with everyone in the room during the presentation.	Sometimes stands up straight and establishes eye contact.	Slouches and/or does not look at people during the presentation.
Content WS3.9	Shows a full understanding of the topic.	Shows a good understanding of the topic.	Shows a good understanding of parts of the topic.	Does not seem to understand the topic very well.
Volume TS3.1	Volume is loud enough to be heard by all audience members throughout the presentation.	Volume is loud enough to be heard by all audience members at least 90% of the time.	Volume is loud enough to be heard by all audience members at least 80% of the time.	Volume often too soft to be heard by all audience members.

Research Paper Rubric

Name: ______ Date: ______ Score: _____

Category	Exceeds Standard	Meets Standard	Nearly Meets Standard	Does Not Meet Standard	No	Score
	Title Your Name, Teacher's Name,	Evidence of four	Evidence of 3	Evidence of 2 or less	Evidence Absent	
Title Page	Course Period, Date, Neatly finished-no errors					
Thesis Statement	Clearly and concisely states the paper's purpose in a single sentence, which is engaging, and thought provoking.	Clearly states the paper's purpose in a single sentence.	States the paper's purpose in a single sentence.	Incomplete and/or unfocused.	Absent, no evidence	
Introduction	The introduction is engaging, states the main topic and previews the structure of the paper.	The introduction states the main topic and previews the structure of the paper.	The introduction states the main topic but does not adequately preview the structure of the paper.	There is no clear introduction or main topic and the structure of the paper is missing.	Absent, no evidence	
Body	Each paragraph has thoughtful supporting detail sentences that develop the main idea.	Each paragraph has sufficient supporting detail sentences that develop the main idea.	Each paragraph lacks supporting detail sentences.	Each paragraph fails to develop the main idea.	Not applicable	
Organization- Structural Development of the Idea	Writer demonstrates logical and subtle sequencing of ideas through well-developed paragraphs; transitions are used to enhance organization.	Paragraph development present but not perfected.	Logical organization; organization of ideas not fully developed.	No evidence of structure or organization.	Not applicable	
Conclusion	The conclusion is engaging and restates the thesis.	The conclusion restates the thesis.	The conclusion does not adequately restate the thesis.	Incomplete and/or unfocused.	Absent	
Mechanics	No errors in punctuation, capitalization and spelling.	Almost no errors in punctuation, capitalization and spelling.	Many errors in punctuation, capitalization and spelling.	Numerous and distracting errors in punctuation, capitalization and spelling.	Not applicable	
Usage	No errors sentence structure and word usage.	Almost no errors in sentence structure and word usage.	Many errors in sentence structure and word usage.	Numerous and distracting errors in sentence structure and word usage.	Not applicable	
Citation	All cited works, both text and visual, are done in the correct format with no errors.	Some cited works, both text and visual, are done in the correct format. Inconsistencies evident.	Few cited works, both text and visual, are done in the correct format.	Absent	Not applicable	
Bibliography	Done in the correct format with no errors. Includes more than 5 major references (e.g. science journal articles, books, but no more than two internet sites. Periodicals available on-line are not considered internet sites)	Done in the correct format with few errors Includes 5 major references (e.g. science journal articles, books, but no more than two internet sites. Periodicals available on-line are not considered internet).	Done in the correct format with some errors. Includes 4 major references (e.g. science journal articles, books, but no more than two internet sites. Periodicals available on-line are not considered internet).	Done in the correct format with many errors. Includes 3 major references (e.g. science journal articles, books, but no more than two internet sites. Periodicals available on-line are not considered internet sites.)	Absent or the only sites are internet sites.	