# DA 101 – Course Syllabus

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**Office Hours:** 

Lois Parento–Monday 10:30- 12:30a.m Shelly Sorensen–Tuesday 10:30- 12:00a.m. Friday 10:00 – 11:00a.m. Thursday 10:30- 12:00a.m.

Office Loca	tion:	DEN	10
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<u>Attendance</u>: Attendance to each and every class in the Dental Assisting Program is mandatory. If you are absent or late you must call this department, 638-0370. After 5 absences instructors will evaluate for dropping student. The program policies outline NO late work.

<u>Appearance</u>: During class the correct uniform will be worn, hair will be up off the collar, minimal facial hair and no jewelry (except wristwatch) will be worn. All tattoos must be covered. If you are not in compliance, you will not be allowed into the classroom. See the dental handbook for details.

## **GRADING**

Each assignment, quiz, exam, and laboratory project has an assigned a point value. Your grade will be calculated as follows:

		<u>Grading scale</u>
Homework	= 35% of total grade	90 – 100% <b>=</b> A
Exams/Quizzes	= 45% of total grade	<b>80−89% = B</b>
Laboratory project	c <i>ts</i> = 20% of total grade	70–79% = C
		60–69% = D
		0-59% = F
	HOL	<u>_IDAYS</u>
Monday, Se	eptember 3, 2012	Monday, November 12, 2012
Thursday,	November 22, 2012	Friday, November 23, 2012

# **ACCOMMODATIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES**

If you have a verified need for an academic accommodation or materials in alternate media (i.e., Braille, large print, electronic text, etc.) per the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, please contact me as soon as possible – Mrs. Parento / Mrs. Sorensen

<u>PERSONAL COMMUNICATION DEVICES</u> (tape recorders, cell phones & pagers) ARE NOT ALLOWED IN THE CLASSROOM.

FINAL DROP DATE:	FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12, 2012
FINAL EXAM DATE:	MONDAY, DECEMBER 10, 2012

# Academic Dishonesty

Students at Reedley College are entitled to the best education that the college can make available to them, and they, their instructors, and their fellow students share the responsibility to ensure that this education is honestly attained. Because cheating, plagiarism, and collusion in dishonest activities erode the integrity of the college, each student is expected to exert an entirely honest effort in all academic endeavors. Academic dishonesty in any form is a very serious offense and will incur serious consequences.

**Cheating** is the act or attempted act of taking an examination or performing an assigned, evaluated task in a fraudulent or deceptive manner, such as having improper access to answers, in an attempt to gain an unearned academic advantage. Cheating may include, but is not limited to, copying from another's work, supplying one's work to another, giving or receiving copies of examinations without an instructor's permission, using or displaying notes or devices inappropriate to the conditions of the examination, allowing someone other than the officially enrolled student to represent the student, or failing to disclose research results completely.

**Plagiarism** is a specific form of cheating: the use of another's words or ideas without identifying them as such or giving credit to the source. Plagiarism may include, but is not limited to, failing to provide complete citations and references for all work that draws on the ideas, words, or work of others, failing to identify the contributors to work done in collaboration, submitting duplicate work to be evaluated in different courses without the knowledge and consent of the instructors involved, or failing to observe computer security systems and software copyrights.

Incidents of cheating and plagiarism may result in any of a variety of sanctions and penalties, which may range from a failing grade on a particular examination, paper, project, or assignment in question to a failing grade in the course, at the discretion of the instructor and depending on the severity and frequency of the incidents.

# COURSE OUTLINE -DENTAL ASSISTING

## A. Introduction to Dental Assisting 101

1.	Histor	'Y	Lecture Hours: 3
	a.	Dentistry	
	b.	Dental assisting	
2.	Educa	tional and licensing requirements	Lecture Hours: 3
	a.	Dentist and specialty practices	
	b.	Unlicensed dental assisting; and registered denta	al assistant;
		registered dental assistants extended functions	
	c.	Registered dental hygienist; registered dental	
		hygienist extended functions - AP	
	d.	Dental laboratory technician	
3.	Profes	ssional associations and code of ethics	Lecture Hours: 3
	a.	Dentistry (American Dental Association)	
	b.	Dental assisting (American Dental Assistants As	sociation)
	c.	Dental hygiene (American Dental Hygienist Ass	
4.	California State Registered Dental Assistant and		
		D.A.N.B. Certification	Lecture Hours: 2
5.	Profes	ssional qualifications	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Demeanor	

	b. с.	Appearance Personal qualities	
6.	Humar	n relations	Lecture Hours: 5
	a.	Personality types/self evaluations	
7.		1 behavior	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Types of behavior	
	b.	Defense mechanisms Assistant's role and behavior modification	
	c.	Assistant's role and benavior modification	
8.		t psychology	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Recognition of anxiety	
	b.	Anxiety control techniques	
	c.	Controlling patient behavior	
9.	Interpe	ersonal communications	Lecture Hours: 4
	a.	Verbal	
	b.	Nonverbal	
	c.	Dental terminology	
	d.	Principles of communication (communications cy	cle)
		1. Verbal message	
		2. Listing	
		3. Formulating response	•
		4. Problems and interpersonal communicat	
		5. Asking questions open-ended/front ended	1
		6. Greeting patients	
10.	Special	l patients	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Disable patients	
	b.	Patients with health problems	
	c.	Patients with mental problems	
		1. Depression	
		2. Anxiety	
		d. Down's syndrome	
	e.	Stroke patients	
	f.	Cleft palate	
11.	Malpra	actice issues	Lecture Hours: 4
	a. <sup>-</sup>	Standard of care	
	b.	Malpractice insurance	
	c.	Common grounds for dental malpractice lawsuits	8
12.	State o	f California Dental Practice Act	Lecture Hours: 4
Bioden	ital 101		
1.	Metho	ds of tooth classifications	Lecture Hours: 2
1.	a.	Permanent	Lecture mours. 2
	a.	1. Arch	
		2. Location	
		3. Function	
	b.	Deciduous	
	<b>N</b> •	1. Arch	
		2. Location	
		3. Function	
		c. i uncum	
2.	Tooth s	surfaces	Lecture Hours: 4

B.

3

b. **Posterior teeth** 

a.

3.	Odontography of permanent dentition
••	o domography of permanent demonstration

- Anterior teeth
  - Incisors 1.
    - **Characteristics of incisors** a.
    - Key landmarks at each type of incisor b.

Lecture Hours: 10

- Cuspids (canines) 2.
  - **Characteristics of cuspids** a.
  - Key landmarks at each type of cuspids b.
- **Posterior teeth** b. 1.

**Bicuspids (premolars)** 

- **Characteristics of bicuspids** a.
- Key landmarks at each type of bicuspids b.
- 2. Molars
  - Characteristics of molars a.

		b. Key landmarks of each type	
4.	Charting		Lecture Hours: 3
	a.	Types of charts	
	b.	Methods of numbering teeth	
	c.	Symbols	
	d.	Color coding	
5.	Impo	ortance of primary dentition	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Speech	
	b.	Mastication	
	c.	Space retention	
	d.	Overall health	
6.	Occlu	usion	Lecture Hours: 2
	a.	Angles classification	
	b.	Over bite, over jet, cross bite	
	c.	Temporal mandibular joint	
7.	Mai	ntenance of tooth position	Lecture Hours: 2
8.	Self-	-sustaining tooth characteristics	Lecture Hours: 2
9.	Cavi	ty classification and preparation	Lecture Hours: 4
	a.	Criteria and location	
	b.	Classes 1 through VI	
	c.	Cavity walls and Angles	
10.	Line	and Point Angles	Lecture Hours: 4
	a.	Terminology	
	b.	External surfaces	
11.	Oral	Pathology	Lecture Hours: 8
	a.	Etiology of disease	
		1. Trauma	
		2. Extreme temperature	
		3. Chemical extremes	
		4. Biological agents	
		5. Radiation	
	b.	Inflammation process	
		1. Cardinal symptoms	
		2. Systemic effects	
	c.	Descriptive terminology	

c. d. Diseases of oral cavity

		<ol> <li>Dental caries</li> <li>Inflammatory diseases</li> <li>Vitamin deficiencies</li> <li>Developmental defects</li> <li>Neoplasm         <ul> <li>Benign</li> <li>Malignant</li> </ul> </li> <li>Miscellaneous</li> </ol>	
12.	Landn a. b.	narks of the face and oral cavity Facial landmarks Intra-oral landmarks	Lecture Hours: 8
13.	Skull a. b. c.	Bones of the cranial Bones of the face Landmarks of the skull	Lecture Hours: 13
14.	Head a a. b. c. d. e. f. g.	and neck anatomy Overview of body systems Muscles of mastication Salivary glands Lymph nodes Tongue Trigeminal nerve and its branch Blood vessels 1. Arteries 2. Veins 3. Capillaries	Lecture Hours: 10
15.	a.	Histology Cellular structure 1. Cell components 2. Mitosis Tissue types	Lecture Hours: 10
Chairs	b. c. d. e.	1.Epithelial2.Connective3.Muscle4.NervesTooth tissues1.Enamel2.Dentin3.PulpOral mucosa1.Masticatory2.Lining3.SpecializedPeriodontium tissues1.Gingiva2.Periodontal ligament3.Alveolar bone4.Cementum	
Chairs 1.	c. d. e. side 101	<ol> <li>Epithelial</li> <li>Connective</li> <li>Muscle</li> <li>Nerves</li> <li>Tooth tissues</li> <li>Enamel</li> <li>Dentin</li> <li>Pulp</li> <li>Oral mucosa</li> <li>Masticatory</li> <li>Lining</li> <li>Specialized</li> <li>Periodontium tissues</li> <li>Gingiva</li> <li>Periodontal ligament</li> <li>Alveolar bone</li> </ol>	Lecture Hours: 7 Laboratory Hours: 11

C.

- e. Storage
- f. Manipulation
  - 1. pour rubber mold on primary and permanent dentition,

## edentulous, and cavity classification

- g. Diagnostic models
  - 1. Pour cast
  - 2. Place a base on the cast
  - **3.** Trim the cast properly
  - 4. Polish the cast properly
  - 5. Articulate the cast properly
- 2. Irreversible hydrocolloid (alginate)
  - a. Classification and composition
  - b. Properties dimensional change
  - c. Armamentaria/tray set ups
  - d. Disinfection in care of the impression
  - e. Manipulation and taking of the impression
- **3.** Bite registration
  - a. Wax
    - 1. Origin and classification
    - 2. Properties residual stress
    - 3. Armamentaria/tray set ups
    - 4. Manipulation and occlusal registration
    - 5. Disinfection in care of the wax
  - b. ZOE impression paste
    - 1. Composition
    - 2. Uses and applications
    - 3. Properties
    - 4. Armamentaria/tray set ups
    - 5. Disinfection and care of ZOE impression paste
  - c. Polyvinylsiloxane bite registration
    - 1. Composition
    - 2. Triple tray technique
    - 3. Closed bite technique
    - 4. Open bite technique
    - 5. Properties
    - 6. Armamentaria and/tray set ups
    - 7. Disinfection in care of Polyvinylsiloxane bite registration
- c. Maintaining Operative Fields
  - 1. Illumination
  - 2. Retraction
  - **3.** Triplex syringe
  - 4. Oral evacuation
  - 5. Practice maintaining operative field
  - 5. Safety a.
    - Laboratory rules
    - b. Equipment
      - 1. Gas
      - 2. Electrical
      - 3. Mechanical
      - 4. First-aid kit
  - 4. Four handed dentistry
    - a. Team positions
    - b. Instrumentation
      - 1. Grasp
      - 2. Methods of transfer
      - 3. Practice

Lecture Hours: 12 Laboratory Hours: 15 Pre-Clinic Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 9

Laboratory Hours: 12

**Pre-Clinic Hours: 3** 

Lecture Hours: 5 Laboratory Hours: 6 Pre-Clinic Hours: 3

Lecture Hours: 10

**Pre-clinic Hours: 5** 

- 5. Fire extinguishers
- Personnel protocols, OSHA guidelines
- 1. Uniforms

c.

- 2. Hair/jewelry
- 3. Universal precautions-eyewear, mask, face shield, and gloves
- 4. Uses of protected barriers
- 5. Personal conduct, work habits
- d. Emergency procedures
  - 1. Minor emergencies
  - 2. Major emergencies
  - 3. Fire
  - 4. Medical emergencies
  - 5. Dental emergencies
- 6. Clinical patient management

3.

- a. Management of the patient in the
  - operatory
  - 1. Updating medical/dental history
    - 2. Seating, monitoring, dismissing
    - Special patients
- b. Operatory equipment
  - 1. Identification
  - 2. Operation
  - 3. Maintenance
  - 4. Safety
  - 5 Infection control applications
- 7. Infection control

a.

- Goals of infection control in the
  - dental practice
    - b. Principles of infection control and the sepsis in dental practice
    - 1. Barrier techniques
    - 2. Patient protection
    - 3. High-risk patients
    - 4. Equipment cleaning and disinfection
  - 5. Immunization
- c. Physical methods of infection control
  - 1. Steam autoclave
  - 2. Chemical vapor sterilizer
  - 3. Transfer media
  - 4. Dry heat
  - 5. Flaming
  - 6. Ultraviolet light
  - 7. Hot oil
  - 8. Boiling water
- d. Chemical agents for infection control
  - 1. Activated dialdehydes
  - 2. Iodophors
  - 3. Sodium hydro chlorite
  - 4. Phenol compounds
  - 5. Isopropyl alcohol
  - 6. Quaternary ammonia
- e. Sterilizer monitoring
  - 1. Physical monitoring
  - 2. Chemical monitoring
  - 3. Biological monitoring
- f. Skills evaluation
  - 1. Preparation of contaminated instruments
  - 2. Hand washing

Lecture Hours: 8 Laboratory Hours: 8 Pre-Clinic Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 12

**Pre-Clinic Hours: 2** 

- **3. Preparation of specified disinfectants**
- 4. **Operation of specified sterilizers**
- 5. Operation of an ultrasonic cleaning device

#### D. Operative instruments and materials 101

1. Dental cements

Lecture Hours: 9

- a. Polycarboxylate
  - 1. Classification, composition, properties
  - 2. Armamentaria
  - 3. Uses
  - 4. Manipulation/Timed practice
- b. Zinc oxide eugenol ZOE
  - 1. Classification, composition, properties
  - 2. Armamentaria
  - 3. Uses
  - 4. Manipulation/Timed practice
- c. Glass ionomer
  - 1. Classification, composition, properties
  - 2. Armamentaria
  - 3. Uses
  - 4. Manipulation/Timed practice
- d. Calcium hydroxide
  - 1. Classification, composition, properties
  - 2. Armamentaria
  - 3. Uses
  - 4. Manipulation/Timed practice
- e. Composite Resin Cement
  - 1. Classification, composition, properties
  - 2. Armamentaria
  - 3. Uses
  - 4. Manipulation
- 2. Bases and liners

a.

- Deep base
  - 1. Sound dentin criteria
  - 2. Pulp capping procedures
  - 3. Materials
  - 4. Armamentaria/tray set ups
  - 5. Criteria for placing
  - 6. Placement
- b. Varnish
  - 1. Materials
  - 2. Function
  - 3. Armamentaria/tray set ups
  - 4. Criteria for placing
  - 5. Placement
- c. Insulating bass
  - 1. Materials
  - 2. Function
  - 3. Armamentaria/tray set ups
  - 4. Criteria for placing
  - 5. Placement
- 3. Matrices
  - a. Functions/rationale
  - b. Types
    - 1. Strips
    - 2. Bands
    - 3. Crown forms

Lecture Hours: 9 Laboratory Hours: 10

Lecture Hours: 6

Laboratory Hours: 12

8

- c. Retainers/adapting
  - 1. Tofflemire
    - 2. Ivory
  - 3. Self-retained
  - Armamentaria/tray set up
- e. Band

d.

- 1. Function
- 2. Sizes/types
- 3. Criteria
  - a. Contact
  - b. Occlusal height
  - c. Gingival extension
- f. Wedge
  - 1. Function
    - 2. Sizes/types/trimming
    - 3. Criteria
      - a. Direction
      - b. Contact/interproximal contour
      - c. Gingival margin closure
- g. Placement and removal
- 4. Temporary sedative dressing
  - a. Materials
    - 1. IRM
      - 2. Zinc phosphate
    - 3. ZOE
  - b. Armamentaria/tray set up
  - c. Criteria
    - 1. Consistency
    - 2. Condensing/filling
    - 3. Carving/anatomy
    - 4. Occlusal height
    - 5. Margins
    - 6. Contact/interproximal contour
  - d. Placement and removal
- 5. Dental amalgam

a.

- Silver alloy
  - 1. Components
  - 2. Properties
- b. Mercury

2.

- 1. Specification and purity
  - Toxicity
    - a. Types
    - b. Systemic entry
    - c. Signs/symptoms
- 3. Precautions and hygiene protocol
- c. Manipulation
  - 1. Alloy/Mercury ratio
  - 2. Amalgam properties
  - 3. Trituration
- d. Amalgam restoration procedure
  - 1. Tray set up
  - 2. Instrumentation
  - 3. Assistant's responsibility
- 6. Restorative resins
  - a. Filled resins
    - 1. Conventional composites

Lecture Hours: 6 Laboratory Hours: 6

Lecture Hours: 7

Lecture Hours: 6 Laboratory Hours: 10

- 2. **Micro- filled composites**
- 3. Light cure composites
- 4. Classifications, the compositions, properties
- 5. Armamentaria/tray set up
- 6. Instrumentation
- 7. Assistant's responsibilities
- **Manipulation of materials** 8.
- 7. Hand cutting instruments

a.

- Identification and classification
  - b. Parts of hand instruments
  - Bevel/blade, nib 1.
  - 2. Formulas
    - 3 number a.
    - b. 4 number
- **Categories and uses** c.
  - Cutting 1.
  - Condensing 2.
  - 3. Carving
  - 4. **Basic set up**
  - 5. Miscellaneous
- d. Instruments sharpening (theory)
- Infection control and sterilization e.
- 8. **Rotary instruments** 
  - Identification and classification a.
    - 1. **Burs**
    - 2. Diamond
    - 3. Stones
    - 4. Disks
    - 5. Wheels
    - **Finishing burs** 6.
    - 7. **Finishing strips**
  - b. Parts of rotary instruments
    - Shank design 1.
    - 2. Head
      - Names a.
      - Numbers b.
      - c. Uses
  - Hand pieces c.
    - 1. Speeds

c.

- 2. Uses
  - **High-speed** a.
  - b. Slow speed
  - Power mechanism
- 3. 4. Straight hand piece
  - Parts a.
    - Attachments b.
      - **Contour angle** 1.
      - 2. **Prophy angle**
      - Maintenance
- 5. High-speed contra angle
  - Parts a.
  - Chuck b.
  - **Changing burs** c.
  - Coolant d.
  - Washed field and dry field techniques e.
  - f. Maintenance
  - d. Sterilization and infection control
    - **Running the water lines** 1.

Lecture Hours: 10 Laboratory Hours: 10

Lecture Hours: 9 Laboratory Hours: 10

- a. Beginning of the day
- b. Between patients
- 2. Hand piece sterilization-not disinfection
- 3. Maintenance
  - a. Cleaning and flushing
    - b. Oiling

### E. Radiology 101

#### Lecture Hours: 4

- 1. Introduction, characteristics of radiation and dental unit
  - a. Discovery of Roentgen Ray, an early progress
  - b. Modern use at dental radiology
  - c. Types and characteristics of radiation
  - d. Properties of x-radiation and electromagnetic spectrum
  - e. X-radiation production, primary and secondary
  - f. Ionization
  - g. Parts and components of the x-ray unit
  - h. Average, voltage, transformer, and control devices
- 2. Effects of radiation exposure, infection control Lecture Hours: 10 and protection
  - a. Interaction of ionizing radiation on cells, tissue and matter
  - b. Cell sensitivity to radiation exposure
  - c. Factors that determine radiation exposure
  - d. Effects of radiation exposure, somatic and genetic tissue
  - e. Laws regulating the use of diagnostic radiation tissue
  - f. Personnel monitoring
  - g Effects of collimation, filtration and amount of an exposure dose rate
  - h. Measurement of x-radiation, terms and definitions
  - i. Radiation protection in the dental office, patient and personnel
  - j. Chronic and acute dose, definition and symptoms
  - k. Effects on oral radiation therapy
  - I. Importance the patient medical history as related to previous experience
  - m. Equipment and structural requirements
  - n. Quality-control

#### 3. Technical aspects of radiation production

- a. **Principles of x-ray tube operation**
- b. Significance of electron activity
- c. Requirements of good radiographs
- d. Variable radiation control factors
- e. Effects of milliamperage, kilovoltage and exposure time
- f. Effects of variation in distances
- 4. Dental film processing

#### Lecture Hours: 6 Laboratory Hours: 8

Lecture Hours: 5

- a. Fundamentals of film processingb. Darkroom equipment and illumination
- c. Chemistry of processing
- d. Processing procedure-manual
- e. Processing procedure-automatic
- f. Maintaining processing tanks and automatic processor
- g. Rapid processing
- h. Film duplicating procedure
- i. Quality control
- j. Processing errors and artifacts
- k. Operation of the view box

- 5. Dental films, principles of shadow casting and anatomical landmarks
  - a. Composition of dental film
  - b. Film emulsion speeds
  - c. Types and sizes of dental films, intra-oral and extra-oral
  - d. Film protection and storage
  - e. Film mounting procedures
    - 1. Mounts
    - 2. Mounting
  - f. Factors influencing radiographic definition and distortion, geometry and imagery
  - g. Principles of shadow casting
  - h. Anatomical landmarks visible on intra-oral films
    - 1. Normal radiographic anatomy
    - 2. Radiographic tooth anatomy
    - 3. Tooth development
    - 4. Basic restoration
    - 5. Anatomy of maxillae and mandible
  - i. Evaluating films for diagnostic quality
  - j. Filing and storage of films

6.	Intra	-oral techniques and film holding devices	Lecture Hours: 5
	a.	Intra-oral procedures,	Laboratory Hours: 6
		patient positioning	
	b.	Principles of paralleling technique	
	c.	Principles of bisecting technique	
	d.	Horizontal and vertical angulations	
	e.	Snap-a-Ray, XCP, Fitzgerald techniques, an	d bite blocks

- f. Disinfection and sterilization of dental radiograph
  - equipment
- g. Manipulation of the DXTTR mannequins

## 7. The interproximal or bitewing examination

- a. Fundamental of bitewing examination
- b. Film holders
- c. Film positioning
- d. Anterior and posterior surveys
- e. Alignment of the PID and horizontal angulations
- f. Exposure, processing and mounting of the bitewing survey on DXTTR

8. The Periapical examination

- a. Fundamental of the periapical examination
- b. Film holders

a.

- c. Correct film placement techniques
- d. Sequence of exposure
- e. Periapical exposures-paralleling technique
- f. Buccal exposures-bisecting technique

Importance of identifying faulty

g. Exposure, processing, mounting of full mouth surveys on DXTTR

9. Interpretation of films for diagnostic quality

radiographs

Lecture Hours: 3 Laboratory Hours: 10

Lecture Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 2

Laboratory Hours: 23

b. Technique errors:

1.

- Incorrect film positioning
- 2. Incorrect horizontal angulations
- 3. Incorrect vertical angulations
- 4. Incorrect the PID positioning
- 5. Incorrect exposure factors
- 6. Miscellaneous errors
- c. Processing errors
  - 1. Incorrect time-temperature
  - 2. Faulty handling of films
  - **3.** Chemical contamination
  - 4. Light leaks
- d. Fog on film

a.

- 1. Film storage
- 2. Exposure settings
- 3. Fog caused during processing

10. Advanced radiograph techniques, errors-causes and corrections Lecture Hours: 1

Lecture Hours: 1

Lecture Hours: 1

Laboratory Hours: 3

- Evaluation of outpatient films for:
  - 1. Contrast
  - 2. Density
  - 3. Correct film placement
  - 4. Elongation
  - 5. Foreshortening
  - 6. Visible contacts
  - 7. Anatomical landmarks
  - 8. Pathology and dental restorations
  - 9. Correct mounting
  - 10. Processing errors

11. The occlusal examination

- a. Reasons for the occlusal exam
- b. Technical considerations
- c. Maxillary occlusal examination
- d. Mandibular occlusal examination
- e. Localization techniques
- f. Occlusal surveys for children

12. Radiography for children

- a. Importance of radiography for children
- b. When to take radiographs on children
- c. Techniques for pedodonic radiographs
- d. Film requirements for pedodonic surveys
- e. Interproximal and bitewing exams
  - **1.** Posterior interproximal surveys
  - 2. Mandibular incisor surveys
  - 3. Mandibular canine surveys
  - 4. Mandibular molar surveys
  - 5. Maxillary incisor surveys
  - 6. Maxillary canine surveys
  - 7. Maxillary molar surveys

13. Radiographic for edentulous patients

- a. Importance of radiographic for edentulous patients
- b. Film requirements
- c. Techniques for edentulous survey
- 14. Panoramic radiographic

Lecture Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 1

- Fundamentals of panoramic radiography a.
- b. **Concepts of focal troughs**
- Geometry and shortness of an image c.
- Importance of correct head positioning d.
- Types of panoramic units e.
- **Operational procedures** f.
- Advantages and disadvantages of panoramic films g.
- h. **Technique errors**
- Anatomy of panoramic films i.
- Extra-oral radiography 15.
  - Types of extra-oral films a.
  - b. Uses of extra-oral films
  - **Cassettes and holding devices** c.
    - Screens and grades 1.
  - d. **Extra-oral films** 
    - Lateral jaw surveys 1.
      - Laterals skull surveys 2.
    - 3. **Facial profile surveys**
    - 4. **Posterior-anterior surveys**
    - 5. Temporomandibular articulation surveys
  - Supplementary surveys e.
    - Uses in orthodontics 1.
    - 2. Landmarks and planes
- 16. **Patient management** 
  - Value of patient education a.
  - b. **Program policy for outpatient** procedures
  - Appointment scheduling c.
  - Outpatient exposure, processing and evaluation d.
  - **Benefits of preventive radiation** e.
  - f. Goals of dental diagnostic radiographs
- 17. Vital signs a.
  - **Blood pressure** 
    - **Measurement techniques** 1.
    - 2. **Recognition of normal ranges**
    - 3. Significance in treatment planning
    - 4. **Recording in a clinical record**
    - 5. Supervised clinical practice
  - b. **Pulse rate** 
    - 1. **Measurement techniques**
    - 2. **Recognition of normal ranges**
    - 3. Significance in treatment planning
    - 4. Recording in a clinical record
    - 5. Supervised clinical practice
  - **Respiration rate** c.
    - **Measurement techniques** 1.
    - 2. **Recognition of normal ranges**
    - 3. Significance in treatment planning
    - **Recording in a clinical records** 4.
    - Supervised clinical practice 5.
  - d. Temperature
    - **Measurement techniques** 1.
    - 2. **Recognition of normal ranges**
    - 3. Significance in treatment planning
    - 4. **Recording in a clinical record**
    - 5. Supervised clinical practice

Lecture Hours: 2 Laboratory Hours: 1 **Pre-Clinic Hours: 2** 

Lecture Hours: 3

Laboratory Hours: 20

Pre-Clinic Hours: 8

- Lecture Hours: 2

- **18.** Oral examination (mouth mirror inspection of the oral cavity)
  - a. Armamentarium/materials needed
  - b. Types of records
  - c. Diagnostic aids
  - d. Medical/dental history
    - 1. Interpretation
    - 2. **Recording deviations from normal**
    - 3. Legal/ethical considerations
    - 4. Supervised clinical practice
- **19.** General patient appraisal
  - a. Physical appearance
  - b. Deviations from normal
  - c. Treatment planning considerations
  - d. Head and neck inspections
    - 1. Landmarks
    - 2. Anatomy
    - 3. Nodes
    - 4. Glands
    - 5. TMJ
    - 6. **Recording in a clinical record**
    - 7. Supervised clinical practice

20. Radiographic interpretation: caries, periodontal disease, and pulpal, periapical, and bone lesions

- a. Caries
- b. Periodontal disease
- c. Pulpal lesions
- d. Traumatic injuries
- e. Foreign bodies and root tips
- f. Extractions socket
- g. Cyst and tumors
- h. Metabolic bone lesions
  - 1. Salivary stones
- 21. Intra-oral soft tissue examination
  - a. Landmarks and anatomy
  - b. Pathology and deviations from normal
  - c. Terminology and descriptive terms
  - d. Examination sequence
  - e. Recording in a clinical record
  - f. Supervised clinical practice

### 22. Charting and classification of occlusion

- a. Tooth morphology
- b. Cavity classification
- c. Charting restorations
- d. Charging abnormalities/pathology
- e. Inspection techniques
  - 1. Direct observation
  - 2. Indirect observation
  - 3. Transillumination
  - 4. Uses of a triplex syringe
- f. Classification of occlusion
- g. Recording information in a clinical record
- h. Supervised clinical practice

Lecture Hours: 2 Laboratory Hours: 2 Pre-Clinic Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 2

Laboratory Hours: 1

Lecture hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 4 Pre-Clinic Hours: 2

Lecture Hours: 2 Pre-Clinic Hours: 2 23. **Radiographic interpretation:** 

## Development disturbances of the teeth and bone

- **Eruption of teeth** a.
- Impaction of teeth b.
- Supernumerary teeth (hyperdontia) c.
- Congenital missing teeth d.
- **Enamel pearls** e.
- f. Fusion
- g. h. Germination
- Concrescence
- i. **Dens invaginatus**
- Malposition of teeth k.
- Amelogenesis imperfecta l.
- Dentinogenisis imperfecta m.
- Fissural cysts n.
- Cleft palate 0.
- Dentigerous cyst p.