

CREDIT COURSE OUTLINE

L COVED DACE

				I. COVI	LK PAG	E.			
(1) CRIM 6A (2) CRIMINAL LAW								(3) 3	
Number			Title			Units			
(A) I	antino / Lab II.a				(9)Clas	.: C			
È	(4) Lecture / Lab Hours: Total Course Hours			(8)Classification:					
Т									
		Total Lec hours:		54.00				applicable:	Х
		Total Lab hours:		0			Non-de	gree applicable:	
		Total Contact hours:		54.00			Basic sl	kills:	
L	Lec will generate $\underline{0}$ hour(s) outside work.				(9)RC	Fulfills AS/AA	A degree	requirement: (area)	
L	Lab will generate <u>0</u> hour(s) outside work.								
						General education category:			
(5) G	Brading Basis:	Grading Scale Only		X		Major:			
		Pass/No Pass option				Certificate of:			
		Pass/No Pass only				Certificate in:			
(6) A	Advisories:								
					(10)CS	U	Baccala	ureate:	Х
E	Eligibility for English 126					(11)Repeatable: (A course may be repeated			
	Eligibility for English 125			three times)			0		
		-							
Là É L									
C	Corequisites:								
(12) (Catalog Descript	ion:							

The history, philosophy, origin and development of criminal statutes, as well as the most frequently used sections in the Penal Code.

II. COURSE OUTCOMES:

(Specify the learning skills the student demonstrates through completing the course and link critical thinking skills to specific course content and objectives.)

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- I. assemble the various historical and developmental concepts of the criminal statutes into a logical sequence.
- II. identify, define, and differentiate various crimes by means of the elements of those crimes.
- III. take a given set of facts, evaluate those facts and then determine which crimes, if any, have been committed.
- IV. evaluate crimes in terms of classification (infraction, misdemeanor or felony) in order to demonstrate the appropriate response in the field relative to the type and amount of force to be used in apprehension
- V. demonstrate familiarity with the California Penal Code.
- VI. demonstrate ability to use and understand the vocabulary of the legal language.

III. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

(Specify major objectives in terms of the observable knowledge and/or skills to be attained.)

In the process of completing this course, students will:

- I. gather and organize the material required for the case brief or written project
- II. examine in depth either a criminal case or a criminal concept utilizing long-range planning and problem solving in preparing the case brief or written project.
- III. assemble the various historical and developmental concepts of the criminal statutes sequentially.
- IV. use inductive and deductive reasoning, to identify, define and differentiate various crimes by their elements
- V. evaluate given facts and determine the crimes (if any) which have been committed by linking theory to fact.
- VI. evaluate the various crimes in terms of classification to determine the correct response.
- VII. demonstrate ability to use the California Penal Code appropriately.

VIII. use a legal vocabulary.

IV. COURSE OUTLINE:

Lecture Content:

- A. History, Structure and Content of the US Constitution
- 1. History of the US Constitution
- 2. Early Steps toward National Unity
- 3. Articles of Confederation
- 4. Drafting the Constitution of the United States
- 5. Ratification by the States
- 6. Separation of the Powers of the National Government
- 7. Division of Power between the National Government and the States
- 8. Powers Granted to the Federal Government
- 9. Sovereign Powers Retained by the States
- 10. The Bill of Rights
- B. Authority to Detain and Arrest: Use of Force
- 1. Overview of the Fourth Amendment
- 2. Crossing the Boundary of the Fourth Amendment
- 3. "Free Zone" for Investigative Work
- 4. Seizure Defined
- 5. Fourth Amendment Grounds for a Lawful Seizure
- 6. Investigatory Stops
- 7. Reasonable Suspicion
- 8. Scope and Duration of Investigatory Stops
- 9. Traffic and Other Vehicle Stops
- 10. Pretextual Traffic Stops
- 11. Fourth Amendment Requirements for a Constitutional Arrest
- 12. Probable Cause
- 13. Requirements for a Valid Arrest Warrant
- 14. Arrests Inside a Private Residence
- 15. Use of Force in Making an Arrest or Other Seizure
- 16. State Arrest Laws
- 17. Territorial Limits on a Police Officer's Arrest Authority
- C. Search and Seizure
- 1. Overview of the Law of Search and Seizure
- 2. Definition of a Search
- 3. Sources of Search Authority
- 4. Seizures Under the Fourth Amendment
- 5. The Fourth Amendment Search Warrant
- 6. Searches Involving People and Personal Items
- 7. The Terry Search Revisited
- 8. Search Following a Custodial Arrest
- 9. Vehicle Searches
- 10. Search of Vehicles Pursuant to a Detention or Arrest
- 11. Search of Vehicles Based on Probable Cause
- 12. Inventory Searches of Impounded Vehicles
- 13. Search of Protected Premises
- 14. Premises Protected by the Fourth Amendment
- 15. Entry and Search of Premises Under a Warrant
- 16. Entry and Search of Premises without a Warrant
- 17. The Exclusionary Rule
- D. An Introduction the Criminal Law
- 1. The Emergence of Law
- 2. Civil and Criminal Law Distinguished
- 3. The Nature and Purpose of Criminal Law
- 4. Criminal Law as Punishment
- 5. Criminal Law and Morality
- 6. Sources of Criminal Law Statutory, Constitutions, Judicial Decisions and Administrative Law
- 7. Discretion and Criminal Law
- 8. Classification of Crimes and Related Offenses
- 9. The Limitations on Criminal Law
- 10. Jurisdiction
- 11. Void for Vagueness and Overbreadth
- 12. Ex Post Facto Laws and Bills of Attainder
- 13. Repeal or Amendment of a Statute
- 14. Cruel and Unusual Punishment
- 15. Due Process and Equal Protection
- 16. Constitutional Limitations
- 17. The Establishment of Guilt
- 18. The Adversary System
- 19. The Burden of Proof
- 20. Determining Criminal Culpability: The Judge and the Jury
- E. Elements of a Crime
- 1. The Elements of a Crime

- 2. A Criminal Act
- 3. A Criminal Intent
- 4. Problems of Interpretation
- 5. The Concurrence of a Criminal Act and a Criminal Intent
- 6. Causation
- 7. Attendant Circumstances
- 8. Liability without Fault
- 9. Strict Liability
- 10. Vicarious Liability
- 11. Enterprise Liability
- F. Anticipatory Offenses and Parties to Crimes
- 1. Solicitation Elements and Defenses
- 2. Elements of Attempt
- 3. Defenses to Attempt the Spread of AIDS: An Attempt Crime?
- 4. Definition of Conspiracy
- 5. Elements of Conspiracy
- 6. Limitations to Parties to Conspiracy
- 7. Defenses to Conspiracy
- 8. Parties to Crimes
- 9. Elements of Accomplice Liability
- 10. Controlling Complicity Crimes by Indicting Attorneys
- 11. RICO as a Prosecutorial Tool
- 12. Elements of RICO
- 13. Forfeitures
 - G. Defenses to Criminal Culpability
- 1. The Burden of Proof and Presumptions
- 2. Types of Defenses
- 3. Ignorance or Mistake
- 4. Duress or Necessity
- 5. Infancy
- 6. Insanity
- 7. Diminished Capacity or Partial Responsibility
- 8. Automatism
- 9. Entrapment
- 10. Outrageous Government Conduct
- 11. Defense of Persons and Property
- H. Defenses to Criminal Culpability 1. Intoxication
- 2. Substance Abuse: Disease or Moral Problem?
- 3. Intoxication as a Legal Defense

V. APPROPRIATE READINGS

Reading assignments may include but are not limited to the following:

- I. Sample Text Title:
 - 1. Recommended George Payton and James Guffey Peace Officer's Guide to Criminal Law, -, 2003,

II. Other Readings

1. Recommended - California Penal Code, selected quality novels and legal cases

Global or international materials or concepts are appropriately included in this course Multicultural materials and concepts are appropriately included in this course

If either line is checked, write a paragraph indicating specifically how global/international and/or multicultural materials and concepts relate to content outline and/or readings.

VI. METHODS TO MEASURE STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT AND DETERMINE GRADES:

Students in this course will be graded in at least one of the following four categories. Please check those appropriate. A degree applicable course must have a minimum of one response in category A, B, or C.

A.V	A. Writing					
	Check either 1 or 2 below					
v	1. Substantial writing assignments are required. Check the appropriate boxes below and provide a written description in the					
Λ	space provided.					
	2. Substantial writing assignments are NOT required. If this box is checked leave this section blank. For degree applicable					
	courses you must complete category B and/or C.					
Х	a) essay exam(s)	Х	d) written homework			
Х	b) term or other paper(s)	Х	e) reading reports			
	c) laboratory report(s)	Х	f) other (specify)			

Required assignments may include but are not limited to the following:

All examinations include essay questions requiring extensive writing and including a requirement for specific definition as well as how the terms and/or concepts apply to the criminal law.

The book report and case briefs are extra credit options, but involve substantial writing and analysis of complex concepts.

B. Problem Solving Computational or non-computational problem-solving demonstrations, including:			
Х	a) exam(s)		d) laboratory reports
Х	b) quizzes		e) field work
X	c) homework problems		f) other (specify):

Required assignments may include but are not limited to the following: Given a set of facts, determine which crime, if any, has been committed.

C. Skill demonstrations, including:			
a) class performance(s)	c) performance exams(s)		
b) field work	d) other (specify)		

Required assignments may include but are not limited to the following:

D. Objective examinations including:			
Х	a) multiple choice	Х	d) completion
Χ	b) true/false	Х	e) other (specify):
X	c) matching items		

COURSE GRADE DETERMINATION:

Description/Explanation: Based on the categories checked in A-D, it is the recommendation of the department that the instructor's grading methods fall within the following departmental guidelines; however, the final method of grading is still at the discretion of the individual instructor. The instructor's syllabus must reflect the criteria by which the student's grade has been determined. (A minimum of five (5) grades must be recorded on the final roster.)

If several methods to measure student achievement are used, indicate here the approximate weight or percentage each has in determining student final grades.

VII. EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS

For degree applicable courses, the adopted texts, as listed in the college bookstore, or instructor-prepared materials have been certified to contain college-level materials.

Validation Language Level (check where applicable):	College-Level Criteria Met YES NO		
Textbook	X	NO	
Reference materials	X		
Instructor-prepared materials	X		
Audio-visual materials	X X X		
Indicate Method of evaluation:			
Used readability formulae (grade level 10 or higher)			
Text is used in a college-level course <u>X</u>			
Used grading provided by publisher			
Other: (please explain; relate to Skills Levels)			
Computation Level (Eligible for MATH 101 level or higher where applicable)	X		
Content			
Breadth of ideas covered clearly meets college-level learning objectives of this course	X		
Presentation of content and/or exercises/projects:			
Requires a variety of problem-solving strategies including inductive and deductive reasoning.	X		
Requires independent thought and study	X X		
Applies transferring knowledge and skills appropriately and efficiently to new situations or	x		
problems.	<u></u>		
List of Reading/Educational Materials			
Recommended - George Payton and James Guffey Peace Officer's Guide to Criminal Law - 2003			

Recommended - George Payton and James Guffey Peace Officer's Guide to Criminal Law, -, 2003,

This course requires special or additional library materials (list attached). This course requires special facilities:

Attached Files:

BASIC SKILLS ADVISORIES PAGE The skills listed are those needed for eligibility for English 125, 126, and Math 101. These skills are listed as the outcomes from English 252, 262, and Math 250. In the right hand column, list at least <u>three</u> major basic skills needed at the beginning of the target course and check off the corresponding basic skills listed at the left.			
(eligibility for English 126) (as outcomes for English 262) Using phonetic, structural, contextual, and dictionary skills to attack and understand words. Applying word analysis skills to reading in context. Using adequate basic functional vocabulary skills. Using textbook study skills and outlining skills. Using a full range of literal comprehension skills and basic analytical skills such as predicting, inferring, concluding, and evaluating.	Ability to read, comprehend and analyze college-level textual material Ability to read, comprehend, analyze and relate supplementary material to the textual material Ability to outline classroom lecture notes and correlate them with the reading material		
(eligibility for English 125) (as outcomes for English 252)	Ability to correctly compose well-organized and logical written responses to identification questions. Ability to correctly compose well-organized analytical responses for essay/problem-solving questions. Ability to correctly organize, compose and write supplementary papers using basic analytic skills.		
Check the appropriate spaces.			

CONTENT REVIEW

REQUISITES

No requisites