

FORM 700 Statement of Economic Interests

Also available on the FPPC website: Form 700 Reference Pamphlet

a public document

Fair Political Practices Commission

428 J Street, Suite 620 • Sacramento, CA 95814 Toll-Free Advice Line: 866-ASK-FPPC • (866) 275-3772

Telephone: (916) 322-5660

unini.fppc.ca.gov

What's New

- Effective January 1, 2010, an individual hired for a
 position not yet covered under an agency's conflictof-interest code must file Form 700 if the individual
 serves in a position that makes or participates in
 making governmental decisions. These individuals
 must file under the broadest disclosure category until
 the code is amended to include the new position
 unless the agency has provided in writing a limited
 disclosure requirement. Such individuals are referred
 to as "code filers." See Regulation 18734.
- New restrictions on receiving tickets to nonprofit and political fundraisers and other events.

More information is contained in the Reference Pamphlet.

Who must file:

- Elected and appointed officials and candidates listed in Government Code Section 87200.
- Employees and appointed officials filing pursuant to a conflict-of-interest code ("code filers"). Obtain your disclosure categories, which describe the interests you must report, from your agency; they are not part of the Form 700.
- Candidates running for local elective offices that are designated in a conflict-of-interest code (for example, county sheriffs, city clerks, school board trustees, and water board members).
- Members of newly created boards and commissions not yet covered under a conflict-of-interest code.

(See Form 700 Reference Pamphlet, page 2, at www.fppc.ca.gov or obtain from your filing officer.)

Where to file:

87200 Filers

State offices Judicial offices Retired Judges Legislative Staff

County offices

9

Your agency

The clerk of your court

Directly with FPPCDirectly with FPPC

Your county filing official

Your city clerkYour agency

City offices
Multi-County offices

• rour agency

Code Filers — State and Local Officials and Employees Designated in a Conflict-of-Interest Code:

File with your agency, board, or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's conflict-of-interest code. In most cases, the agency, board, or commission will retain the statements.

Members of Boards and Commissions of Newly Created Agencies:

File with your newly created agency or with your agency's code reviewing body.

Candidates: File with your local elections office.

How to file:

The Form 700 is available at www.fppc.ca.gov. Effective January 1, 2010, Form 700 schedules are also available in Excel format. All statements must have an original "wet" signature. Instructions, examples, and a reference pamphlet are available.

When to file:

Annual Statements

⇒ March 1, 2010

- Elected State Officers
- Judges and Court Commissioners
- State Board and Commission Members listed in Government Code Section 87200

⊃ April 1, 2010

- Most other filers

Individuals filing under conflict-of-interest codes in city and county jurisdictions should verify the annual filing date with their local filing officer.

Statements postmarked by the filing deadline are considered filed on time.

Assuming, Leaving, and Initial Statements

Most filers file within 30 days of assuming or leaving office or within 30 days of the effective date of a newly adopted or amended conflict-of-interest code.

Candidate Statements

File no later than the final filing date for the declaration of candidacy or nomination documents.

Amendments

Statements may be amended at any time. You are only required to amend the schedule that needs to be revised. It is not necessary to amend the entire filed form. Obtain amendment schedules at www.fppc.ca.gov.

Statements that are mailed are considered filed on the postmark date. There is no provision for filing deadline extensions. Statements of 30 pages or less may be faxed by the deadline as long as the originally signed paper version is sent by first class mail to the filing official within 24 hours.

INTRODUCTION

The Political Reform Act (Gov. Code Sections 81000-91014) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their personal assets and income. They also must disqualify themselves from participating in decisions which may affect their personal economic interests. The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the law's provisions.

Gift Prohibition

Gifts received by most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are subject to a limit. For 2009-2010, the gift limit is \$420 from a single source during a calendar year.

In addition, state officials, state candidates, and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.)

State and local officials and employees should also check with their agency to determine if any other restrictions apply.

Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees, and candidates are prohibited from accepting an honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting, or like gathering. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.)

Loan Restrictions

Certain state and local officials are subject to restrictions on loans. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)

Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions that will affect their economic interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose (for example, a personal residence is often not reportable, but may be disqualifying). Specific disqualification requirements apply to 87200 filers (for example, city councilmembers, members of boards of supervisors and planning commissioners). These officials must orally identify the economic interest that creates a conflict of interest and leave the room before a discussion or vote takes place at a public meeting. For more information, consult Government Code Section 87105 and Regulation 18702.5 at, www.fppc.ca.gov.

Post-Governmental Employment

There are restrictions on representing clients or employers before former agencies. The provisions apply to elected state officials, most state employees, local elected officials, county chief administrative officers, city managers, including the chief administrator of a city, and general managers or chief administrators of local special districts. The FPPC website has fact sheets explaining the provisions.

Late Filing

The filing officer who retains originally signed statements of economic interests may impose on an individual a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties can be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

Persons who fail to timely file their Form 700 may be referred to the FPPC's Enforcement Division (and, in some cases, to the Attorney General or district attorney) for investigation and possible prosecution. In addition to the late filing penalties, a fine of up to \$5,000 per violation may be imposed.

For assistance concerning reporting, prohibitions, and restrictions under the Act:

- Call the FPPC toll-free at (866) ASK-FPPC
- See the booklet entitled "Your Duty to File: A Basic Overview of State Economic Disclosure Law and Reporting Requirements for Public Officials"

Form 700 Public Access

Statements of Economic Interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and copy any statement.

- Statements must be available as soon as
 possible during the agency's regular business
 hours, but in any event not later than the second
 business day after the statement is received.
- No conditions may be placed on persons seeking access to the forms.
- No information or identification may be required from persons seeking access.

Reproduction fees of no more than 10 cents per page may be charged.

INSTRUCTIONS — COVER PAGE

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number in the spaces provided. Since the Form 700 is a public document, you may list your business/office address instead of your home address.

Part 1. Office, Agency, or Court

- · Enter the name of the office sought or held, or the agency or court. Consultants must enter the public agency name rather than their private firm name. (Examples: State Assembly; Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court.)
- Indicate the name of your division, board, or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45.)
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel: City Council Member; Staff Services Analyst.)
- If you hold multiple positions (for example, a city council member who also is a member of a county board or commission), you may be required to file statements with each agency. To simplify your filing obligations, you may complete an expanded statement.

To do this, enter the name of the other agency(ies) with which you are required to file and your position title(s) in the space provided. Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions. Each copy must contain an original signature. Therefore, before signing a statement, make a copy for each agency. Sign each copy with an original signature and file with each agency.

Remember that if you assume or leave a position after a filing deadline, you must complete a separate statement. For example, a city council member who assumes a position with a county special district after the April 1 annual filing deadline must file a separate assuming office statement. In subsequent years, the city council member may expand his or her annual filing to include both positions.

Part 2. Jurisdiction of Office

- Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency and, if applicable, identify the jurisdiction. Judges, judicial candidates, and court commissioners have statewide jurisdiction. All other filers should review the Reference Pamphlet, page 12, to determine their jurisdiction.
- If your agency is a multi-county office, list each county in which your agency has jurisdiction.

If your agency is not a state office, court, county

office, city office, or multi-county office (for example, school districts and special districts), check the "other" box and enter the county or city in which the agency has jurisdiction.

Example:

This filer is a member of a water district board with jurisdiction in portions of Yuba and Sutter Counties.

1. Offic	e, Agency, or Court
Name of	Office Agency or Court
South S	Sutter Water District
Doubled	Board Datrict if applicable
Ypur Pos	stion
Board n	nember
	p for moltage positions, list additional agencytics (longs): (Attach a separate sheet if recessor):
Agency	
Position	
	diction of Office (Check at least one box)
State	
Coun	ty of
City	af .
: Muit -	Courty

Part 3. Type of Statement

Check at least one box. The period covered by a statement is determined by the type of statement you are filing. If you are completing a 2009 Annual Statement, do not change the pre-printed dates to reflect 2010. Your annual statement is used for reporting the previous year's economic interests. Economic interests for your annual filing covering January 1, 2009, through December 31, 2009, will be disclosed on your statement filed in 2010. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 3.)

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements may be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1 but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may combine your annual and leaving office statements. File by the earliest deadline. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC.

Part 4. Schedule Summary

• Enter the total number of completed pages including the cover page and either:

Check the "Yes" box for each schedule you use to disclose interests.

- or -

If you have nothing to disclose on any schedule, check the "No reportable interests" box. Please do not attach any blank schedules.

Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. When you sign your statement, you are stating, under penalty of perjury, that it is true and correct. Only the filer has authority to sign the statement. An unsigned statement is not considered filed and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

WHICH SCHEDULE DO I USE?

COMMON REPORTABLE INTERESTS

Schedule A-1:

Stocks

Schedule A-2:

Business entities, partnerships, LLCs, corporations, trusts

Schedule B:

Rental property in the jurisdiction

Schedule C:

Non-government salaries of public official and spouse/registered domestic partner

Schedule D:

Gifts from non-family members (such as tickets to sporting or entertainment events)

Schedule E:

Travel payments from third parties (not your employer)

COMMON NON-REPORTABLE INTERESTS

Schedule A-1/A-2: Diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940 and certain retirement accounts invested in insurance policies or governmental bonds

Schedule A-1/A/2: Savings and checking accounts

Schedule B:

A residence used exclusively as a personal residence (such as a home or vacation cabin)

Schedule C:

Government salary (such as a school district)

Schedule D:

Gifts from family members

Schedule E:

Travel paid by your government agency

Remember:

- Mark the "No reportable interests" box on Part 4 of the Schedule Summary on the Cover Page if you determine you have nothing to disclose and file the cover page only. Make sure you carefully read all instructions to ensure proper reporting.
- The Form 700 is a public document.
- Most individuals must consult their agency's conflict-of-interest code for reportable interests.
- Most individuals file the Form 700 with their agency.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

- Q. What is the reporting period for disclosing interests on an assuming office statement or a candidate statement?
- A. On an assuming office statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you assumed office. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed office.

On a candidate statement, disclose all reportable investments, interests in real property, and business positions held on the date you file your declaration of candidacy. In addition, you must disclose income (including loans, gifts and travel payments) received during the 12 months prior to the date you file your declaration of candidacy.

- Q. I hold two other board positions in addition to my position with the county. Must I file three statements of economic interests?
- A. Yes, three are required. However, you may complete one statement listing the county and the two boards on the cover page as the agencies for which you will be filing. Report your economic interests using the broadest jurisdiction and disclosure requirements assigned to you by the three agencies. Make two copies of the entire statement before signing it, sign each copy with an original signature, and distribute one original to the county and to each of the two boards. Remember to complete separate statements for positions that you leave or assume during the year.
- Q. I am classified as a department head but recently began acting as city manager. Should I file as the city manager?
- A. Yes. File an assuming office statement as city manager. Persons serving as "acting", "interim", or "alternate" must file as if they hold the position.
- Q. I left one state agency to work for another state agency. Must I file a leaving office statement?
- A. Yes. You may also need to file an assuming office statement for the new agency.

Investment Disclosure

- Q. I have an investment interest in shares of stock in a company that does not have an office in my jurisdiction. Must I still disclose my investment interest in this company?
- A. Probably. The definition of "doing business in the jurisdiction" is not limited to whether the business has an office in your jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)
- Q. My spouse and I have a living trust. The trust holds rental property in my jurisdiction, our primary residence, and investments in diversified mutual funds. I have full disclosure. How is this trust disclosed?
- A. Disclose the name of the trust, the rental property and its income on Schedule A-2. Your primary residence and investments in diversified mutual funds registered with the SEC are not reportable.
- Q. I am required to report all investments. I hold many stocks through an account managed by a brokerage firm. Must I disclose these stocks even though I did not decide which stocks to purchase?
- A. Yes, you must disclose on Schedule A-1 or A-2 any stock worth \$2,000 or more in a business entity located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.
- Q. I own stock in IBM and must report this investment on Schedule A-1. I initially purchased this stock in the early 90's; however, I am constantly buying and selling shares. Must I note these dates in the "Acquired" and "Disposed" fields?
- A. No. You must only report dates in the "Acquired" or "Disposed" fields when, if during the reporting period, you initially purchase a reportable investment worth \$2,000 or more or when you dispose of the entire investment. You are not required to track the partial trading of an investment. Note: If a previously reported investment falls below the \$2,000 reporting threshold, you may note this in the comment section of the schedule.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS Continued

Income Disclosure

- Q. I reported a business entity on Schedule A-2. Clients of my business are located in several states. Must I report all clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2, Part 3?
- A. No, only the clients doing business on a regular basis in your jurisdiction must be disclosed.
- Q. I believe I am not required to disclose the names of clients from whom my pro rata share of income is \$10,000 or more on Schedule A-2 because of their right to privacy. Is there an exception for reporting clients' names?
- A. Regulation 18740 provides a procedure in which a client's name may not be disclosed if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California law. This regulation may be obtained from our website at www.fppc.ca.gov.
- Q. I am the sole owner of my business. Where do I disclose my income on Schedule A-2 or Schedule C?
- A. Sources of income to a business in which you have an ownership interest of 10% or greater are disclosed on Schedule A-2. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7, for the definition of "business entity.")
- Q. How do I disclose my spouse's or registered domestic partner's salary?
- A. Report the name of the employer as a source of income on Schedule C.
- Q. I am a doctor. For purposes of reporting \$10,000 sources of income on Schedule A-2, Part 3, are the patients or their insurance carriers considered sources of income?
- A. If your patients exercise sufficient control by selecting you instead of other doctors, then your patients, rather than their insurance carriers, are sources of income to you.

Gift Disclosure

Q. If I received a gift of two tickets to a concert valued at \$100 each, but gave the tickets to a friend because I could not attend the concert, do I have any reporting obligations?

- A. Yes. Since you accepted the gift and exercised discretion and control of the use of the tickets, you must disclose the gift on Schedule D.
- Q. Co-workers are hosting a retirement party for a public official before the official leaves office. Attendees will pay \$45; \$35 covers the event's costs (food, decorations, etc.) and \$10 goes toward a gift. One co-worker is collecting the funds and making the expenditures. What does the official report on his Form 700?
- A. The official discloses the amount that includes the total value of the gift, plus \$35 (his pro rata share of the event's cost). The source can be identified as "office staff" or "co-workers." The names of individual donors are not required to be reported as long as no individual contributed \$50 or more.
- Q. Mary and Joe Benson, a married couple, want to give a piece of artwork to a close friend who is a county supervisor. Is each spouse considered a separate source for purposes of the gift limit and disclosure?
- A. Yes, each spouse may make a gift valued at \$420 during 2009-2010. Therefore, the Bensons may give the supervisor artwork valued at no more than \$840. The supervisor must identify Joe and Mary Benson as the sources of the gift.
- Q. I am a Form 700 filer with full disclosure. Our agency holds a holiday raffle to raise funds for a local charity. I bought \$10 worth of raffle tickets and won a gift basket valued at \$120. The gift basket was donated by Doug Brewer, a citizen in our city. At the same event, I bought raffle tickets for, and won a quilt valued at \$70. The quilt was donated by a coworker. Are these reportable gifts?
- A. Because the gift basket was donated by an outside source (not an agency employee), you have received a reportable gift valued at \$110 (the value of the basket less the consideration paid). The source of the gift is Doug Brewer and the agency is disclosed as the intermediary. Because the quilt was donated by an employee of your agency, it is not a reportable gift.



STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS COVER PAGE

Please type or print in ink.

Candidate

Election Year: .

A Public Document

NAME (LAST)	(FIRST)	(MIDDLE)	DAYTIME TELEPHONE NUMBER		
MAILING ADDRESS STREET	CITY	STATE ZIP CO	DE OPTIONAL: E-MAIL ADDRESS		
(Business Address Acceptable)	V 11.7	• •			
1525 E. Weldon	Fresno	CA 9370	4		
1 Office Agency or Co	4	4. Schedule Sum	mary		
1. Office, Agency, or Co			•		
Name of Office, Agency, or Cour		► Total number of pagincluding this cover			
State Center Community Colle					
Division, Board, District, if applica	able:	► Check applicable sci interests."	hedules or "No reportable		
Your Position:	AMON AMON AMON AMON AMON AMON AMON AMON	I have disclosed inter attached schedules:	ests on one or more of the		
► If filing for multiple positions, I		Schedule A-1 Ye	es – schedule attached % Ownership)		
position(s): (Attach a separa		Schedule A-2 Ye	es – schedule attached		
		Schedule B	es – schedule attached		
Position:		Real Property			
2. Jurisdiction of Office	(Check at least one box)		es — schedule attached ess Positions (Income Other than Gifts		
☐ State		Schedule D TY	es – schedule attached		
County of		Income – Gifts	3 - Seriedake attached		
☐ City of		Schedule E Ye	es – schedule attached		
	a, Kings, Tulare	Income – Gifts – Travel Payments			
Other	1		-or-		
U Other					
3. Type of Statement (C	heck at least one box)	No reportable inte	rests on any schedule		
1					
Assuming Office/Initial	Date:	5. Verification			
		I have used all reaso	nable diligence in preparing this		
through December 31, 2009.		statement. I have revie	wed this statement and to the best		
-Or-	/ / through	of my knowledge the info attached schedules is tr	ormation contained herein and in any		
O The period covered is December 31, 2009.	, through	attached schedules is th	de and complete.		
Leaving Office Date Left: (Check one)		I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.			
O The period covered is Jan	uary 1, 2009, through the				
date of leaving office.	-	Date Signed	(month day year)		
-or-			(month, day, year		
O The period covered is the date of leaving office.	_//_ , through	Signature	ally signed statement with your filing official (

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULES A-1 AND A-2 INVESTMENTS

"Investment" means a financial interest in any business entity which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more at any time during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts and managed investment funds (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)
- Sole proprietorships
- Your own business or your spouse's or registered domestic partner's business (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7, for the definition of "business entity.")
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's investments that are legally separate property
- Partnerships (for example, a law firm or family farm)
- Investments in reportable business entities held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- If you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or dependent children had a 10% or greater ownership interest in a business entity or trust (including a living trust), you must disclose investments held by the business entity or trust. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14, for more information on disclosing trusts.)
- Business trusts

You are not required to disclose:

- Diversified mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) under the Investment Company Act of 1940
- Bank accounts, savings accounts, and money market accounts
- Insurance policies
- Annuities
- · Shares in a credit union
- Government bonds (including municipal bonds)
- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests (for example, insurance policies, diversified mutual funds, or government bonds) (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)

REMINDERS

- Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers your disclosure categories may only require disclosure of specific investments.

- · Government defined-benefit pension plans
- Interests held in a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15.)

Use Schedule A-1 to report ownership of less than 10% (for example, stock). Schedule C (Income) may also be required if the investment is not a stock or corporate bond. (See second example below.)

Use Schedule A-2 to report ownership of 10% or greater (for example, a sole proprietorship).

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE A-1:

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

- · Disclose the name of the business entity.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (for example, pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, or communications).
- Check the box indicating the highest fair market value of your investment during the reporting period. If you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement, indicate the fair market value on the filing date or the date you took office, respectively.
- Identify the nature of your investment (for example, stocks, warrants, options, or bonds).
- An acquired or disposed of date is only required if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of the investment interest during the reporting period. The date of a stock dividend reinvestment or partial disposal is not required. Generally, these dates will not apply if you are filing a candidate or an assuming office statement.

Examples:

John Smith holds a state agency position. His conflict-of-interest code requires full disclosure of investments. John must disclose his stock holdings of \$2,000 or more in any company that does business in California, as well as those stocks held by his spouse or registered domestic partner and dependent children.

Susan Jones is a city council member. She has a 4% interest, worth \$5,000, in a limited partnership located in the city. Susan must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$500 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

SCHEDULE A-1 Investments

Stocks, Bonds, and Other Interests

(Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

Do not attach brokerage or financial statements.

CALIF	ORNIA	FORM	7/	no
FAIR POL	TICAL PR	ACTICES	COMMIS	SION
Name				

► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 · \$10,000 \$10,001 · \$100,000 \$100,001 · \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000 NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other (Describe)	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 \cdot \$10,000 \qquad \$10,001 \cdot \$100,000 \$100,001 \cdot \$1,000,000 \qquad Over \$1,000,000 NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock \qquad Other \qquad (Describe)
Partnership () Income of \$0 - \$500 () Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	Partnership Income of \$0 - \$500 Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 · \$10,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 \cdot \$10,000
IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE:
► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	► NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other	NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock Other (Describe)
(Describe) Partnership (Income of \$0 - \$500) Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)	Partnership Income of \$0 - \$500 Partnership Income Received of \$500 or More (Report on Schedule C)
IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
Comments:	

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE A-2 INVESTMENTS, INCOME, AND ASSETS OF BUSINESS ENTITIES/TRUSTS

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a 10% or greater interest, totaling \$2,000 or more, during the reporting period and which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.) A trust located outside your agency's jurisdiction is reportable if it holds assets that are located in or doing business in the jurisdiction. You are not required to report a trust that contains no reportable interests. For example, if you have a trust containing only your personal residence, your savings account, and some municipal bonds, you would not report this trust because these interests are not reportable.

Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity or trust if your pro rata share of the investment or real property interest was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity or trust. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, check "Business Entity" and complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your investment.
- If you initially acquired or entirely disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- Identify the nature of your investment.
- Disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (for example, if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management).

Part 2. Check the box indicating your pro rata share of the gross income received by the business entity or trust. This amount includes your pro rata share of the gross income from the business entity or trust, as well as your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes.

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income which is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or which has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

 Disclose each source of income and outstanding loan to the business entity or trust identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the **gross** income (including your community property interest in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's share) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10, for examples.) Income from governmental sources may be reportable if not considered salary. (See Regulation 18232.) Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

 Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through the business entity identified in Part 1. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7, for an explanation of commission income.)

You may be required to disclose sources of income located outside your jurisdiction. For example, you may have a client who resides outside your jurisdiction who does business on a regular basis with you. Such a client, if a reportable source of \$10,000 or more, must be disclosed.

Leave Part 3 blank if you do not have any reportable \$10,000 sources of income to disclose. Adding phrases such as "various clients" or "not disclosing sources pursuant to attorney-client privilege" may trigger a request for an amendment to your statement. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13, for details about privileged information.)

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held by the entity or trust identified in Part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held was \$2,000 or more during the reporting period.

- Check the applicable box identifying the interest held as real property or an investment.
- If investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- If real property, report the address or other precise location (for example, an assessor's parcel number).
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment. (Report the fair market value of the portion of your residence claimed as a tax deduction if you are utilizing your residence for business purposes.)
- · Identify the nature of your interest.
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period.

FPPC Form 700 (2009/2010) FPPC Toll-Free Helpline: 866/ASK-FPPC www.fppc ca gov

SCHEDULE A-2 Investments, Income, and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

CALIFO	RNIA FO	- DRM	700
FAIR POLIT			IMISSION
Name			

► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST
Name	Name
Address (Business Address Acceptable) Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	Address (Business Address Acceptable) Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY FAIR MARKET VALUE
Sole Proprietorship Partnership Other YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	Sole Proprietorship Partnership Other YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
➤ 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST) □ \$0 - \$499 □ \$10,001 - \$100,000 □ \$500 - \$1,000 □ OVER \$100,000 □ \$1,001 - \$10,000	> 2. IDENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME <u>TO</u> THE ENTITY/TRUST) \$0 - \$499
➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (attach a separate sheet if necessary)	➤ 3. LIST THE NAME OF EACH REPORTABLE SINGLE SOURCE OF INCOME OF \$10,000 OR MORE (attach a separate sheet if necessary)
► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST Check one box. INVESTMENT REAL PROPERTY	► 4. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST Check one box: INVESTMENT REAL PROPERTY
Name of Business Entity or Street Address or Assessor's Parcel Number of Real Property	Name of Business Entity <u>or</u> Street Address or Assessor's Parcel Number of Real Property
Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property	Description of Business Activity or City or Other Precise Location of Real Property
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 10,001 - \$1,000,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED Over \$1,000,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$100,001 - \$1,000,000 Over \$1,000,000
NATURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	NATURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership/Deed of Trust Stock Partnership
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached	Check box if additional schedules reporting investments or real property are attached
Comments:	FPPC Form 700 (2009/2010) Sch. A-2

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE B INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY

Report interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest totaling \$2,000 or more any time during the reporting period. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12.)

Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest (including a beneficial ownership interest)
- A deed of trust, easement, or option to acquire property
- A leasehold interest (See Reference Pamphlet, page 13.)
- A mining lease
- An interest in real property held in a retirement account (See Reference Pamphlet, page 14.)
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse or registered domestic partner, or your dependent children had a 10% or greater ownership interest (Report on Schedule A-2.)
- Your spouse's or registered domestic partner's interests in real property that are legally held separately by him or her

You are not required to report:

- A residence, such as a home or vacation cabin, used exclusively as a personal residence (However, a residence for which you claim a business deduction may be reportable. If reportable, report the fair market value of the portion claimed as a tax deduction.)
- Interests in real property held through a blind trust (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15, for exceptions.)

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE B:

- Report the address or other precise location (for example, an assessor's parcel number) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- Enter the date acquired or disposed only if you initially acquired or entirely disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period.
- Identify the nature of your interest. If it is a leasehold, disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

REMINDERS

- Income and loans already reported on Schedule B are not also required to be reported on Schedule C.
- Code filers do your disclosure categories require disclosure of real property?

- If you received rental income, check the box indicating the gross amount you received.
- If you had a 10% or greater interest in real property and received rental income, list the name of the source(s) if your pro rata share of the gross income from any single tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period. If you received a total of \$10,000 or more from two or more tenants acting in concert (in most cases, this will apply to married couples), disclose the name of each tenant. Otherwise, leave this section blank.
- Loans from a private lender that total \$500 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable.
 Loans from commercial lending institutions made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to members of the public without regard to your official status are not reportable.

When reporting a loan:

- -- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- -- Describe the lender's business activity.
- -- Disclose the interest rate and term of the loan. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (for example, Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period. The term of a loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was established.
- -- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- -- Identify a quarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule C.

Example:

Joe Nelson is a city planning commissioner. Joe received rental income of \$12,000 during the reporting period from a single tenant who rented property Joe owned in the city's jurisdiction. If Joe had received the \$12,000 from two or more tenants, the tenants' names would not be required as long as no single tenant paid \$10,000 or more.

> STREET ADDRESS OR FRECISE	LOCATION	
4600 24th Street		
CITY		
Sacramento, CA 958	14	
	F APPLICABLE. L	IST DATE
\$2.030 · \$10.090 \$10,001 · \$100,000	/ /09	/, / 09
X 5100.001 - \$1,005.000	ACQUIRED	DISPOSED
Over \$1,000 900		
NATURE OF INTEREST		
X Ownership/Deed of Trust	Essement	
seesenold		
hra remaining		Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS 1	NCOME RECEIVE	D
\$0 . \$490 \$500 . \$1.0	09 81.04	1 - 610,000
X \$10.331 - \$100.000	QVER \$100.000	
SCURCES OF RENTAL INCOME Interest. IIst the name of each source of income of \$10,000 of Henry Wells	tenent that is	
NAME OF LENDER"		
Sophia Petroillo		
ADDRESS		
2121 Blue Sky Parky	vay	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER		
Restaurant Owner		
PTAR TERESTIN	TERM (Morth:	
8 to Hone	15 Ye	ars
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REP	001 - \$10,000	
	ER \$100,000	
Overenty: if explicable		

FPPC Form 700 (2009/2010)

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SCHEDULE B Interests in Real Property (Including Rental Income)

CALIFORNIA F	ORM 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRAC	TICES COMMISSION
Name	

	► STREET ADDRESS OR PRECISE LOCATION
CITY	CITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE. LIST DATE: \$2,000 - \$10,000
NATURE OF INTEREST Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement	NATURE OF INTEREST Ownership/Deed of Trust Easement
Leasehold Other	Leasehold Other
IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED □ \$0 - \$499 □ \$500 · \$1.000 □ \$1.001 · \$10.000 □ \$10.001 · \$100.000 □ OVER \$100.000	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$0 - \$499
SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.	SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: If you own a 10% or greater interest, list the name of each tenant that is a single source of income of \$10,000 or more.
medite of \$10,000 of more.	
* You are not required to report loans from commercial	lending institutions made in the lender's regular course blic without regard to your official status. Personal loans f business must be disclosed as follows:
* You are not required to report loans from commercial of business on terms available to members of the pu and loans received not in a lender's regular course o	blic without regard to your official status. Personal loans f business must be disclosed as follows:
* You are not required to report loans from commercial of business on terms available to members of the pu and loans received not in a lender's regular course o	blic without regard to your official status. Personal loans f business must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER*
* You are not required to report loans from commercial of business on terms available to members of the pu and loans received not in a lender's regular course of NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	blic without regard to your official status. Personal loans f business must be disclosed as follows: NAME OF LENDER* ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE C INCOME, LOANS, & BUSINESS POSITIONS (Income Other Than Gifts and Travel Payments)

Report the source and amount of gross income of \$500 or more you received during the reporting period. Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses, or taxes and includes loans other than loans from a commercial lending institution. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 10.) Also report your job title with each reportable business entity, even if you received no income during the reporting period. You must also report the source of income to your spouse or registered domestic partner if your community property share was \$500 or more during the reporting period.

A source of income must be reported only if the source is located in, doing business in, planning to do business in, or has done business during the previous two years in your agency's jurisdiction. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 12, for more information about doing business in the jurisdiction.) Reportable sources of income may be further limited by your disclosure category located in your agency's conflict-of-interest code.

Commonly reportable income and loans include:

- Salary/wages, per diem, and reimbursement for expenses including travel payments provided by your employer
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's or registered domestic partner's income - report the employer's name and all other required information
- Income from investment interests, such as partnerships, reported on Schedule A-1
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2 (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7.)
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car (Report your pro rata share of the total sale price.)
- Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B
- · Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts
- Payments received on loans you made to others, including loan repayments from a campaign committee
- An honorarium received prior to becoming a public official (See Reference Pamphlet, page 9, concerning your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- Incentive compensation (See Reference Pamphlet, page 11.)

REMINDERS

- Code filers your disclosure categories may not require disclosure of all sources of income.
- If you or your spouse or registered domestic partner are self-employed, report the business entity on Schedule A-2.
- Do not disclose on Schedule C income, loans, or business positions already reported on Schedules A-2 or B.

You are not required to report:

 Salary, reimbursement for expenses or per diem, or social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received by you or your spouse or registered domestic partner from a federal, state, or local government agency

See Reference Pamphlet, page 11, for more exceptions to income reporting.

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE C:

Part 1. Income Received/Business Position Disclosure

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the source is a business entity.
- Disclose the job title or business position, if any, that you held with the business entity, even if you did not receive income during the reporting period.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income received.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- For income from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more. (See Reference Pamphlet, page 7.)
- For income from rental property that is not required to be listed on Schedule B, enter "Rental Income" under "Name of Source," check the box indicating the gross income received, and, if you had a 10% or greater interest in the rental property, list the name of each tenant if your pro rata share of the gross income from that tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period.

Part 2. Loans Received or Outstanding During the Reporting Period

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Provide a general description of the business activity if the lender is a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Disclose the interest rate and the term of the loan.
 - -- For variable interest rate loans, disclose the conditions of the loan (for example, Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - The term of the loan is the total number of months or years given for repayment of the loan at the time the loan was entered into.
- · Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

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SCHEDULE C Income, Loans, & Business Positions (Other than Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA FO	$_{\text{ORM}}$ 700
FAIR POLITICAL PRAC	
Name	

1. INCOME RECEIVED	NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
NAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME	INAME OF SOURCE OF INCOME
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
YOUR BUSINESS POSITION	YOUR BUSINESS POSITION
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED
\$500 · \$1,000 \$1,001 · \$10,000	\$500 - \$1.000 \$1.001 · \$10.000
\$10,001 - \$100,000 OVER \$100,000	S10,001 · \$100,000 OVER \$100,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED
Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income	Salary Spouse's or registered domestic partner's income
Loan repayment	Loan repayment
Sale of(Property, car. boat, etc.)	Sale of (Property, car, boal, etc.)
• • •	Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or mo
Commission or Rental Income. list each source of \$10,000 or more	Commission of Contamination, and each scales of a topos of the
Other(Oescribe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING	Other(Describe)
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, manual commerces to the commerce of	PERIOD: cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be a considered to the public without regard to the public wi	PERIOD: cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be same of LENDER.	period (Describe) cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows:
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be same of LENDER.	cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE None None
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be NAME OF LENDER. ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	period cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years)
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the support of the support o	period cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) None SECURITY FOR LOAN Personal residence
(Oescribe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second of the	cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE Wone SECURITY FOR LOAN
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be supported by the second se	period cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) Whome SECURITY FOR LOAN Personal residence Real Property Street address
(Describe) 2. LOANS RECEIVED OR OUTSTANDING DURING THE REPORTING 4. You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be name of Lender. ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) ———————————————————————————————————
*You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be NAME OF LENDER. *ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) *BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER *HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD *\$\frac{1}{2}\$	period cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) Whome SECURITY FOR LOAN Personal residence Real Property Street address
*You are not required to report loans from commerce of a retail installment or credit card transaction, may available to members of the public without regard not in a lender's regular course of business must be NAME OF LENDER. *ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable) *BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF LENDER *HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$500 - \$1,000	cial lending institutions, or any indebtedness created as pade in the lender's regular course of business on terms to your official status. Personal loans and loans receive be disclosed as follows: INTEREST RATE TERM (Months/Years) ———————————————————————————————————

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE D INCOME — GIFTS

A gift is anything of value for which you have not provided equal or greater consideration to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts totaling \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported. Gifts are reportable regardless of where the donor is located.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is unknown, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events
- · Tickets/passes to amusement parks
- · Parking passes
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including those
 provided in direct connection with your attendance at a
 convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal, or like
 gathering, where you did not give a speech, participate in a
 panel or seminar, or provide a similar service
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status
- Wedding gifts (See Reference Pamphlet, page 15)
- An honorarium (You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule C, rather than as a gift on Schedule D, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. See Reference Pamphlet, page 9, regarding your ability to receive future honoraria.)
- Transportation and lodging (See Schedule E.)
- · Forgiveness of a loan received by you

You are not required to disclose:

 Gifts that were not used and which, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization without being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes

REMINDERS

- Gifts from a single source are subject to a \$420 limit. See Reference Pamphlet, page 9.
- See Reference Pamphlet, page 1, for rules on tickets.
- Code filers you only need to report gifts from reportable sources.

- Gifts from your spouse or registered domestic partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or first cousin (Included in this exception are gifts from your spouse's or domestic partner's children, parents, brothers, sisters, and the spouse or registered domestic partner of the individuals listed above. The exception does not apply if the donor was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source who was the true donor.)
- Gifts of hospitality involving food, drink, or occasional lodging provided in an individual's home when the individual or a member of the individual's family was present
- Gifts of similar value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties (e.g., books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, periodicals, or educational seminars)
- A bequest or inheritance (However, inherited investments or real property may be reportable on other schedules.)
- Personalized plaques or trophies with an individual value of less than \$250
- Campaign contributions
- A single ticket to a 501(c)(3) or political fundraising event received for your own use from the organization or the committee holding the fundraiser (The gift limit applies to nonprofit tickets.)
- Gifts given to members of your immediate family unless you enjoy direct benefit of the gift, use the gift, or exercise discretion or control over the use or disposition of the gift (See Commission Regulation 18944.)
- A pass or ticket that provided a one-time admission to an event (e.g., theater performance or sporting event) that was not used and was not transferred to another person (Commission Regulation 18946.1 provides a method for determining the value of a ticket or pass that was used or transferred to another person and for determining the value of passes or tickets which provide repeated admission to facilities or services.)
- Food, beverages, and necessary accommodations provided directly in connection with an event at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel or seminar, or provided a similar service

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE D:

- Disclose the full name (not an acronym), address, and, if a business entity, the business activity of the source.
- Provide the date (month, day, and year) of receipt, and disclose the fair market value and description of the gift.

SCHEDULE D Income - Gifts

3.00			7	70	
		RNIA CAL PRA			N
Nar	ne				

NAME OF SOURCE	► NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$
	\$
NAME OF SOURCE	► NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$
	\$
NAME OF SOURCE	► NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	DATE (mm/dd/yy) VALUE DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)
	\$s
	\$
Comments:	

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE E TRAVEL PAYMENTS, ADVANCES, AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Travel payments reportable on Schedule E include advances and reimbursements for travel and related expenses, including lodging and meals.

Gifts of travel may be subject to the gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. See the FPPC fact sheet entitled "Limitations and Restrictions on Gifts, Honoraria, Travel, and Loans" at www.fppc.ca.gov.

You are not required to disclose:

- Travel payments received from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received
- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment that are included in the income reported on Schedule C
- Payments or reimbursements for transportation within California in connection with an event at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel or seminar, or performed a similar service
- Food, beverages, and necessary accommodations received directly in connection with an event held inside or outside California at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel, or provided a similar service (Note that payments for <u>transportation outside of</u> <u>California</u> are reportable.)
- A travel payment that was received from a non-profit entity exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) for which you provided equal or greater consideration

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE E:

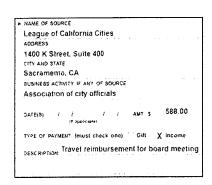
- Disclose the full name (not an acronym) and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity, if any, of the source.
- Check the box to identify the payment as a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s).

- -- Travel payments are gifts if you did not provide services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts totaling \$50 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. Gifts of travel are reportable without regard to where the donor is located.
 - When reporting travel payments that are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift and the date(s) received.
- -- Travel payments are income if you provided services that were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose income totaling \$500 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. You have the burden of proving the payments are income rather than gifts.

When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments that are income.

Example:

City council member Rick Chandler is a board member of the League of California Cities. The League reimburses its board members for travel and lodging, as well as meals and other expenses associated with board meetings.



If Rick provides equal or greater consideration for the travel and lodging when he participates in the meeting, the reimbursements are reported as income. Note that the burden is on the official to determine whether he or she has provided equal or greater value for the payment.

SCHEDULE E Income – Gifts Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

CALIFORNIA FORM 700 FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION
Name

- Reminder you must mark the gift or income box.
- You are not required to report income from government agencies.

► NAME OF SOURCE	► NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):/ AMT: \$	DATE(S):
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one)
DESCRIPTION:	DESCRIPTION:
► NAME OF SOURCE	► NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)	ADDRESS (Business Address Acceptable)
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
DATE(S):	DATE(S):/ AMT ⁻ \$
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (must check one) Gift Income
DESCRIPTION:	DESCRIPTION:
Comments:	